Unittest for `stringtools`

February 5, 2020

Contents

1 Test Information

1.1 Test Candidate Information

The Module stringtools is designed to support functionality for strings (e.g. transfer strings via a bytestream, compressing, extracting, ...). For more Information read the sphinx documentation.

Library Information	
Name	stringtools
State	Released
Supported Interpreters	python2, python3
Version	e0811681ca449814caa5d180f6645860
Dependencies	

1.2 Unittest Information

Unittest Information	
Version	0a5e7f25ab71e1595ec2ddca16a793f9
Testruns with	python 2.7.17 (final), python 3.6.9 (final)

1.3 Test System Information

System Information	
Architecture	64bit
Distribution	LinuxMint 19.3 tricia
Hostname	ahorn
Kernel	5.3.0-28-generic (#30 18.04.1-Ubuntu SMP Fri Jan 17 06:14:09 UTC 2020)
Machine	x86_64
Path	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest
System	Linux
Username	dirk

2 Statistic

2.1 Test-Statistic for testrun with python 2.7.17 (final)

Number of tests	**21**
Number of successfull tests	**21**
Number of possibly failed tests	**0**
Number of failed tests	**0**
Executionlevel	Full Test (all defined tests)
Time consumption	0.018s

2.2 Test-Statistic for testrun with python 3.6.9 (final)

Number of tests	**21**
Number of successfull tests	**21**
Number of possibly failed tests	**0**
Number of failed tests	**0**
Executionlevel	Full Test (all defined tests)
Time consumption	0.016s

2.3 Coverage Statistic

Module- or Filename	Line-Coverage	Branch-Coverage
stringtools	100.0%	97.7%
stringtools.__init__.py	100.0%	
stringtools.csp.py	100.0%	
stringtools.stp.py	100.0%	

3 Tested Requirements

3.1 Stream Definition

A Stream is from class bytes for python3 and from type str for python2.

3.1.1 Physical representation

Description

The library stringtools shall have a method physical_repr, transforming a float or integer value to a string with a 1 to 3 digit value followed by the physical prefix for the unit.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.1!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (24)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,083
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,085
Time-Consumption	0.002s

Testsummary:

Success	Physical representation for 1.17e-10 is correct (Content '117p' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 5.4e-08 is correct (Content '54n' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 2.53e-05 is correct (Content '25.3/xc2/xb5' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 0.1 is correct (Content '100m' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 0 is correct (Content '0' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 1 is correct (Content '1' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 1000 is correct (Content '1k' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 1005001 is correct (Content '1.01M' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 1004000000 is correct (Content '1G' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 1003000000000 is correct (Content '1T' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 10000000000000000 is correct (Content '10P' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 17.17 is correct (Content '17.17' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 117000 is correct (Content '117k' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 117.17 is correct (Content '117.2' and Type is <type 'str'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.1!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (24)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,483
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,485

Time-Consumption	0.002s

Testsummary:

Success	Physical representation for 1.17e-10 is correct (Content '117p' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 5.4e-08 is correct (Content '54n' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 2.53e-05 is correct (Content '25.3' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 0.1 is correct (Content '100m' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 0 is correct (Content '0' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 1 is correct (Content '1' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 1000 is correct (Content '1k' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 1005001 is correct (Content '1.01M' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 1004000000 is correct (Content '1G' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 1003000000000 is correct (Content '1T' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 10000000000000000 is correct (Content '10P' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 17.17 is correct (Content '17.17' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 117000 is correct (Content '117k' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Physical representation for 117.17 is correct (Content '117.2' and Type is <class 'str'>).

3.1.2 Time representation

Description

The library `stringtools` shall have a method `physical_repr`, transforming an integer value to a time string like `HH:MM:SS`.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.2!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (25)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,086
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,087
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:

Success	Time representation for 59 is correct (Content '00:59' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Time representation for 60 is correct (Content '01:00' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Time representation for 3599 is correct (Content '59:59' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Time representation for 3600 is correct (Content '01:00:00' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Time representation for 86399 is correct (Content '23:59:59' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Time representation for 86400 is correct (Content '1D' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Time representation for 86459 is correct (Content '1D 00:59' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Time representation for 90000 is correct (Content '1D 01:00:00' and Type is <type 'str'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.2!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (25)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,485
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,486
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:

Success	Time representation for 59 is correct (Content '00:59' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Time representation for 60 is correct (Content '01:00' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Time representation for 3599 is correct (Content '59:59' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Time representation for 3600 is correct (Content '01:00:00' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Time representation for 86399 is correct (Content '23:59:59' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Time representation for 86400 is correct (Content '1D' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Time representation for 86459 is correct (Content '1D 00:59' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Time representation for 90000 is correct (Content '1D 01:00:00' and Type is <class 'str'>).

3.1.3 Fraction representation

Description

The library `stringtools` shall have a method `frac_repr`, transforming a float or integer value to a fraction string with a limited denominator.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.3!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (26)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,087
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,088
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:

Success	Fraction representation for 17.4 is correct (Content '87/5' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Fraction representation for 0.25 is correct (Content '1/4' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Fraction representation for 0.1 is correct (Content '1/10' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Success	Fraction representation for 0.01666667 is correct (Content '1/60' and Type is <type 'str'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.3!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (26)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,487
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,487
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:	
Success	Fraction representation for 17.4 is correct (Content '87/5' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Fraction representation for 0.25 is correct (Content '1/4' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Fraction representation for 0.1 is correct (Content '1/10' and Type is <class 'str'>).
Success	Fraction representation for 0.01666667 is correct (Content '1/60' and Type is <class 'str'>).

3.2 Human readable value representations

3.3 Stream to Human readable String

3.3.1 Hexadecimal Values

Description

A Stream shall be converted to a human readable String containing all bytes as hexadecimal values seperated by a Space.

Reason for the implementation

Make non printable characters printable.

Fitcriterion

A stream shall be converted at least once and the hex values shall exist in the returnvalue in the correct order.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: Success. See also full trace in section A.1.4!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (29)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,088
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,089
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:	
Info	Checking test pattern de ad be ef (<type 'str'>).
Success	Pattern included all relevant information in the correct order.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: Success. See also full trace in section B.1.4!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (29)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,487
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,488
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:	
Info	Checking test pattern de ad be ef (<class 'bytes'>).

Success	Pattern included all relevant information in the correct order.

3.3.2 Number of Bytes

Description
The Length of a Stream surrounded by brakets shall be included in the human readable string.

Reason for the implementation
Show the length of a Stream without counting the seperated values.

Fitcriterion
The described pattern including the decimal number of bytes is included in the string for at least one Stream.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.5!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (30)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,089
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,089
Time-Consumption	0.000s
Testsummary:	
Info	Checking test pattern with length 4.
Success	'(4)' is in '(4): de ad be ef' at position 0

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.5!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (30)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,488
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,488
Time-Consumption	0.000s
Testsummary:	
Info	Checking test pattern with length 4.
Success	'(4)' is in '(4): de ad be ef' at position 0

3.3.3 CRLF-Filter

Description
The module stringtools shall have a method to replace carriage return and line feed to their escaped representation.

Reason for the implementation

Replace these characters to make output printable (e.g. for logging a string based protocol).

Fitcriterion

Filter at least one string and check at least one CR and one LF representation.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.6!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (31)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,089
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,089
Time-Consumption	0.000s

Testsummary:

Info	Checking test pattern with length 4.
Success	Returnvalue of linefeed_filter is correct (Content 'test//r//n123//r//n' and Type is <type 'str'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.6!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (31)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,488
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,489
Time-Consumption	0.000s

Testsummary:

Info	Checking test pattern with length 4.
Success	Returnvalue of linefeed_filter is correct (Content b'test//r//n123//r//n' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

3.4 Stream Compression

3.4.1 Compress

Description

The module stringtools shall have a method compressing a Stream with gzip.

Reason for the implementation

Speed up transfer with low transfer rate.

Fitcriterion

Compressed Stream is extractable and results in the original data.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.7!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (34)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,089
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,090
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:

Info	Compressing Streams result in differnt streams with the same input stream. Therefore the test will compare the decompressed data.
Info	Compressing stream: (30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff
Info	Extracting stream: (26): 1f 8b 08 00 b2 b9 3a 5e 02 ff 63 60 40 01 ff 51 01 00 2d 8a 7d de 1e 00 00 00
Success	Extracted data is correct (Content (30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff and Type is <type 'str'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.7!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (34)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,489
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,489
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:

Info	Compressing Streams result in differnt streams with the same input stream. Therefore the test will compare the decompressed data.
Info	Compressing stream: (30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff
Info	Extracting stream: (26): 1f 8b 08 00 b2 b9 3a 5e 02 ff 63 60 40 01 ff 51 01 00 2d 8a 7d de 1e 00 00 00
Success	Extracted data is correct (Content (30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

3.4.2 Extract

Description

The module stringtools shall have a method extracting a Stream with gzip.

Reason for the implementation

Speed up transfer with low transfer rate.

Fitcriterion

Extracted Stream is equal to the original compressed data.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.8!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (35)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,090
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,091
Time-Consumption	0.000s

Testsummary:

Info	Extracting stream: (26): 1f 8b 08 00 34 e0 04 5d 02 ff 63 60 40 01 ff 51 01 00 2d 8a 7d de 1e 00 00 00
Success	Extracted data is correct (Content '(30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff' and Type is <type 'str'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.8!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (35)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,490
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,490
Time-Consumption	0.000s

Testsummary:

Info	Extracting stream: (26): 1f 8b 08 00 34 e0 04 5d 02 ff 63 60 40 01 ff 51 01 00 2d 8a 7d de 1e 00 00 00
Success	Extracted data is correct (Content '(30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff' and Type is <class 'str'>).

3.5 Carriagereturn Seperation Protocol (CSP)

The Carriagereturn Seperation Protocol shall use carriage return as the end pattern for message seperation.

3.5.1 Frame creation

Description

The CSP module shall support a method to create a Frame from a stream.

Reason for the implementation

Simple message or frame generation for streams (e.g. Keyboard (user input), RFID-Reader, . . .).

Fitcriterion

Creation of a testframe and checking the result.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.9!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (39)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,091
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,091
Time-Consumption	0.000s

Testsummary:

Info	Creating testframe for ":testframe: for csp"
Success	CSP-Frame is correct (Content ':testframe: for csp/n' and Type is <type 'str'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.9!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (39)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,490
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,490
Time-Consumption	0.000s

Testsummary:

Info	Creating testframe for 'b':testframe: for csp"
Success	CSP-Frame is correct (Content b':testframe: for csp/n' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

3.5.2 Frame creation error

Description

The Frame creation Method shall raise ValueError, if a frame separation character is in the Source-String.

Reason for the implementation

String including separation charcter will be splitted in pieces while processing after transport.

Fitcriterion

ValueErroro is raised for at least one String including the separation character.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.10!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (40)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,091
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,091
Time-Consumption	0.000s

Testsummary:

Info	Creating testframe for ":testframe: for csp"
Success	CSP-Frame is correct (Content <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> and Type is <type 'type'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.10!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (40)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,490
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,490
Time-Consumption	0.000s

Testsummary:

Info	Creating testframe for 'b':testframe: for csp"
Success	CSP-Frame is correct (Content <class 'ValueError'> and Type is <class 'type'>).

3.5.3 Frame processing

Description

The CSP Module shall support a class including a method to process stream snipets of variable length. This Method shall return an empty list, if no frame has been detected, otherwise it shall return a list including detected frame(s).

Reason for the implementation

Support message analysis of a stream with every size.

Fitcriterion

At least one frame given in at least two snippets is identified correctly.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.11!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (41)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,091
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,092
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:

Info	Processing testframe: ":testframe: for csp/n" in two snippets
Success	First processed CSP-Snippet is correct (Content [] and Type is <type 'list'>).
Success	Final processed CSP-Frame is correct (Content [':testframe: for csp'] and Type is <type 'list'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.11!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (41)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,491
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,491

Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:

Info	Processing testframe: 'b':testframe: for csp/n" in two snippets
Success	First processed CSP-Snippet is correct (Content [] and Type is <class 'list'>).
Success	Final processed CSP-Frame is correct (Content [b':testframe: for csp'] and Type is <class 'list'>).

3.5.4 Frame processing - Input data type error

Description

If the input data is not bytes for python3 or str for python 2, the process method shall raise TypeError.

Reason for the implementation

Type restriction.

Fitcriterion

At least the following types return TypeError (list, int, str for python3, unicode for python 2).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.12!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (42)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,092
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,093
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:

Info	Processing wrong data (list)
Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> and Type is <type 'type'>).
Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content '' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Info	Processing wrong data (int)
Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> and Type is <type 'type'>).
Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content '' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Info	Processing wrong data (unicode)
Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> and Type is <type 'type'>).
Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content '' and Type is <type 'str'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.12!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)

Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (42)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,492
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,493
Time-Consumption	0.002s

Testsummary:

Info	Processing wrong data (list)
Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <class 'ValueError'> and Type is <class 'type'>).
Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content b'' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).
Info	Processing wrong data (int)
Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <class 'ValueError'> and Type is <class 'type'>).
Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content b'' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).
Info	Processing wrong data (str)
Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <class 'ValueError'> and Type is <class 'type'>).
Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content b'' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

3.6 Serial Transfer Protocol (STP)

The Serial Transfer Protocol shall use a start pattern and an end pattern to identify a message in a stream. Both patterns shall be a two byte values starting with the same (sync-)byte.

3.6.1 Frame creation

Description
A frame creation method shall create a frame out of given input data.

Reason for the implementation
Message or Frame generation for streams (e.g. data transfer via bluetooth, ethernet, ...).

Fitcriterion
Creation of a testframe and checking the result.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.13!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (46)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,093
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,093
Time-Consumption	0.000s

Testsummary:

Info	Creating testframe for "testframe for stp"
Success	STP-Frame is correct (Content ':<testframe for stp:>' and Type is <type 'str'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.13!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (46)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,493
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,494
Time-Consumption	0.000s

Testsummary:

Info	Creating testframe for 'b'testframe for stp"
Success	STP-Frame is correct (Content b':<testframe for stp:>' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

3.6.2 Frame creation - Start pattern and end pattern inside a message

Description

The frame creation method shall support existance of the start or end pattern in the data to be framed.

Reason for the implementation

Possibility to send any kind of data (including the patterns).

Fitcriterion

Creation of a testframe out of data including at least one start pattern and one end pattern and checking the result.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.14!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (47)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,094
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,094
Time-Consumption	0.000s

Testsummary:

Info	Creating testframe including start and end pattern for "testframe for :<stp:>"
Success	STP-Frame is correct (Content ':<testframe for :=<stp:⇒:>' and Type is <type 'str'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.14!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (47)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,494
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,494
Time-Consumption	0.000s

Testsummary:	
Info	Creating testframe including start and end pattern for 'b'testframe for :<stp:>"
Success	STP-Frame is correct (Content b':<testframe for :=<stp:⇒:>' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

3.6.3 Frame processing

Description

The STP Module shall support a class including a method to process stream snipets of variable length. This Method shall return an empty list, if no frame has been detected, otherwise it shall return a list including detected frame(s).

Reason for the implementation

Support message analysis of a stream with every size.

Fitcriterion

At least one frame given in at least two snippets is identified correctly.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.15!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (48)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,094
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,096
Time-Consumption	0.002s

Testsummary:	
Info	Processing testframe: ":<testframe for stp:>"
Success	First processed STP snippet is correct (Content [] and Type is <type 'list'>).
Success	Final processed STP snippet is correct (Content ['testframe for stp'] and Type is <type 'list'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.15!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (48)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,494
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,495
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:	
Info	Processing testframe: 'b':<testframe for stp:>"
Success	First processed STP snippet is correct (Content [] and Type is <class 'list'>).
Success	Final processed STP snippet is correct (Content [b'testframe for stp'] and Type is <class 'list'>).

3.6.4 Frame processing - Input data type error

Description

If the input data is not bytes for python3 or str for python 2, the process method shall raise TypeError.

Reason for the implementation

Type restriction.

Fitcriterion

At least the following types return TypeError (list, int, str for python3, unicode for python 2).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.16!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (49)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,096
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,097
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:

Info	Processing wrong data (list)
Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> and Type is <type 'type'>).
Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content '' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Info	Processing wrong data (int)
Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> and Type is <type 'type'>).
Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content '' and Type is <type 'str'>).
Info	Processing wrong data (unicode)
Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> and Type is <type 'type'>).
Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content '' and Type is <type 'str'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.16!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (49)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,495
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,496
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:

Info	Processing wrong data (list)
Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <class 'ValueError'> and Type is <class 'type'>).
Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content b'' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

Info	Processing wrong data (int)
Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <class 'ValueError'> and Type is <class 'type'>).
Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content b'' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).
Info	Processing wrong data (str)
Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <class 'ValueError'> and Type is <class 'type'>).
Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content b'' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

3.6.5 Frame processing - Start pattern and end pattern inside a message

Reason for the implementation

Possibility to send any kind of data (including the patterns).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.17!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (50)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,098
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,099
Time-Consumption	0.001s
Testsummary:	
Info	Processing testframe: '':<testframe for :=<stp:⇒:>''
Success	Processed STP-Frame is correct (Content ['testframe for :<stp:>'] and Type is <type 'list'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.17!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (50)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,496
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,497
Time-Consumption	0.001s
Testsummary:	
Info	Processing testframe: 'b':<testframe for :=<stp:⇒:>''
Success	Processed STP-Frame is correct (Content [b'testframe for :<stp:>'] and Type is <class 'list'>).

3.6.6 Frame processing - Data before the start pattern

Description

Data before the start pattern shall be ignored. A warning shall be given to the logger.

Reason for the implementation

Robustness against wrong or corrupted data.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.18!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (51)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,099
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,099
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:

Info	Processing testframe: "_:<testframe for stp:>"
Success	Processed STP-Frame is correct (Content ['testframe for stp'] and Type is <type 'list'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.18!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (51)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,497
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,498
Time-Consumption	0.000s

Testsummary:

Info	Processing testframe: 'b'_:<testframe for stp:>"
Success	Processed STP-Frame is correct (Content [b'testframe for stp'] and Type is <class 'list'>).

3.6.7 Frame processing - Incorrect start patterns

Description

On receiving an incorrect start pattern, STP shall stay in ESCAPE_1, in case of data sync was received twice or back to state IDLE in all other faulty start patterns starting with data sync. A warning shall be given to the logger.

Reason for the implementation

Robustness against wrong or corrupted data.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.19!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (52)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,099
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,100
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:

Info	Processing data with an insufficient start pattern.

Success	Return value list if processing incorrect start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <type 'list'>).
Success	State after processing incorrect start of frame is correct (Content 0 and Type is <type 'int'>).
Info	Processing data with an insufficient start pattern (two times sync).
Success	Return value list if processing data_sync twice is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <type 'list'>).
Success	State after processing data_sync twice is correct (Content 1 and Type is <type 'int'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: Success. See also full trace in section B.1.19!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (52)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,498
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,499
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:

Info	Processing data with an insufficient start pattern.
Success	Return value list if processing incorrect start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <class 'list'>).
Success	State after processing incorrect start of frame is correct (Content 0 and Type is <class 'int'>).
Info	Processing data with an insufficient start pattern (two times sync).
Success	Return value list if processing data_sync twice is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <class 'list'>).
Success	State after processing data_sync twice is correct (Content 1 and Type is <class 'int'>).

3.6.8 Frame processing - Incorrect end pattern

Description

On receiving an incorrect end pattern, STP shall change to state STORE_DATA, in case of a start pattern, to ESCAPE_1, in case of data sync was received twice or back to state IDLE in all other faulty end patterns starting with data sync. A warning shall be given to the logger.

Reason for the implementation

Robustness against wrong or corrupted data.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: Success. See also full trace in section A.1.20!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (53)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,100
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,103
Time-Consumption	0.002s

Testsummary:

Info	Processing data with an insufficient end pattern.

Success	Return value list if processing data_sync and data again after start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <type 'list'>).
Success	State after processing data_sync and data again after start of frame is correct (Content 0 and Type is <type 'int'>).
Success	Buffer size after processing data with insufficient end pattern is correct (Content 0 and Type is <type 'int'>).
Info	Processing data with an insufficient end pattern (start pattern instead of end pattern).
Success	Return value list if processing 2nd start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <type 'list'>).
Success	State after processing 2nd start of frame is correct (Content 3 and Type is <type 'int'>).
Success	Buffer size after processing 2nd start of frame is correct (Content 0 and Type is <type 'int'>).
Info	Processing data with an insufficient end pattern (two times sync instead of end pattern).
Success	Return value list if processing data_sync twice after start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <type 'list'>).
Success	State after processing data_sync twice after start of frame is correct (Content 1 and Type is <type 'int'>).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: Success. See also full trace in section B.1.20!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (53)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,499
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,501
Time-Consumption	0.002s

Testsummary:

Info	Processing data with an insufficient end pattern.
Success	Return value list if processing data_sync and data again after start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <class 'list'>).
Success	State after processing data_sync and data again after start of frame is correct (Content 0 and Type is <class 'int'>).
Success	Buffer size after processing data with insufficient end pattern is correct (Content 0 and Type is <class 'int'>).
Info	Processing data with an insufficient end pattern (start pattern instead of end pattern).
Success	Return value list if processing 2nd start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <class 'list'>).
Success	State after processing 2nd start of frame is correct (Content 3 and Type is <class 'int'>).
Success	Buffer size after processing 2nd start of frame is correct (Content 0 and Type is <class 'int'>).
Info	Processing data with an insufficient end pattern (two times sync instead of end pattern).
Success	Return value list if processing data_sync twice after start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <class 'list'>).
Success	State after processing data_sync twice after start of frame is correct (Content 1 and Type is <class 'int'>).

3.6.9 Frame processing - After state corruption

Description

The state of STP shall be set to IDLE, after an unknown state was recognised. The currently processed data shall be

processed again. An error shall be given to the logger.

Reason for the implementation
Robustness against wrong or corrupted data.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section A.1.21!

Testrun:	python 2.7.17 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (54)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,103
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,104
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:

Info	Corrupting stp state and processing data.
Success	Return value list if processing start of a frame after state had been corrupted is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <type 'list'>).
Success	State after processing start of a frame after state had been corrupted is correct (Content 3 and Type is <type 'int'>).
Success	Buffer size after corrupting stp state is correct (Content 2 and Type is <type 'int'>).

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**. See also full trace in section B.1.21!

Testrun:	python 3.6.9 (final)
Caller:	/user_data/data/dirk/prj/unittest/stringtools/unittest/src/tests/__init__.py (54)
Start-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,501
Finished-Time:	2020-02-05 13:48:50,501
Time-Consumption	0.001s

Testsummary:

Info	Corrupting stp state and processing data.
Success	Return value list if processing start of a frame after state had been corrupted is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <class 'list'>).
Success	State after processing start of a frame after state had been corrupted is correct (Content 3 and Type is <class 'int'>).
Success	Buffer size after corrupting stp state is correct (Content 2 and Type is <class 'int'>).

A Trace for testrun with python 2.7.17 (final)

A.1 Tests with status Info (21)

A.1.1 Physical representation

Description

The library stringtools shall have a method physical_repr, transforming a float or integer value to a string with a 1 to 3 digit value followed by the physical prefix for the unit.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Success	Physical representation for 1.17e-10 is correct (Content '117p' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 1.17e-10): '117p' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 1.17e-10): result = '117p' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 5.4e-08 is correct (Content '54n' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 5.4e-08): '54n' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 5.4e-08): result = '54n' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 2.53e-05 is correct (Content '25.3/xc2/xb5' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 2.53e-05): '25.3\xc2\xb5' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 2.53e-05): result = '25.3\xc2\xb5' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 0.1 is correct (Content '100m' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 0.1): '100m' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 0.1): result = '100m' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 0 is correct (Content '0' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 0): '0' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 0): result = '0' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 1 is correct (Content '1' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 1): '1' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 1): result = '1' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 1000 is correct (Content '1k' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 1000): '1k' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 1000): result = '1k' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success Physical representation for 1005001 is correct (Content '1.01M' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 1005001): '1.01M' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 1005001): result = '1.01M' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success Physical representation for 1004000000 is correct (Content '1G' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 1004000000): '1G' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 1004000000): result = '1G' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success Physical representation for 1003000000000 is correct (Content '1T' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 1003000000000): '1T' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 1003000000000): result = '1T' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success Physical representation for 10000000000000000 is correct (Content '10P' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 10000000000000000): '10P' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 10000000000000000): result = '10P' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success Physical representation for 17.17 is correct (Content '17.17' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 17.17): '17.17' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 17.17): result = '17.17' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success Physical representation for 117000 is correct (Content '117k' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 117000): '117k' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 117000): result = '117k' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success Physical representation for 117.17 is correct (Content '117.2' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 117.17): '117.2' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 117.17): result = '117.2' (<type 'str'>)
```

A.1.2 Time representation

Description

The library `stringtools` shall have a method `physical_repr`, transforming an integer value to a time string like `HH:MM:SS`.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Success	Time representation for 59 is correct (Content '00:59' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 59): '00:59' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 59): result = '00:59' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Time representation for 60 is correct (Content '01:00' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 60): '01:00' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 60): result = '01:00' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Time representation for 3599 is correct (Content '59:59' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 3599): '59:59' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 3599): result = '59:59' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Time representation for 3600 is correct (Content '01:00:00' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 3600): '01:00:00' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 3600): result = '01:00:00' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Time representation for 86399 is correct (Content '23:59:59' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 86399): '23:59:59' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 86399): result = '23:59:59' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Time representation for 86400 is correct (Content '1D' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 86400): '1D' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 86400): result = '1D' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Time representation for 86459 is correct (Content '1D 00:59' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 86459): '1D 00:59' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 86459): result = '1D 00:59' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Time representation for 90000 is correct (Content '1D 01:00:00' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 90000): '1D 01:00:00' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 90000): result = '1D 01:00:00' (<type 'str'>)
```

A.1.3 Fraction representation

Description

The library `stringtools` shall have a method `frac_repr`, transforming a float or integer value to a fraction string with a limited denominator.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Success	Fraction representation for 17.4 is correct (Content '87/5' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Fraction representation for 17.4): '87/5' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Fraction representation for 17.4): result = '87/5' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Fraction representation for 0.25 is correct (Content '1/4' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Fraction representation for 0.25): '1/4' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Fraction representation for 0.25): result = '1/4' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Fraction representation for 0.1 is correct (Content '1/10' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Fraction representation for 0.1): '1/10' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Fraction representation for 0.1): result = '1/10' (<type 'str'>)
```

Success	Fraction representation for 0.01666667 is correct (Content '1/60' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Fraction representation for 0.01666667): '1/60' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Fraction representation for 0.01666667): result = '1/60' (<type 'str'>)
```

A.1.4 Hexadecimal Values

Description
A Stream shall be converted to a human readable String containing all bytes as hexadecimal values seperated by a Space.

Reason for the implementation
Make non printable characters printable.

Fitcriterion
A stream shall be converted at least once and the hex values shall exist in the returnvalue in the correct order.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Checking test pattern de ad be ef (<type 'str'>).

Success	Pattern included all relevant information in the correct order.

```
Return value of hexlify is (4): de ad be ef
Using upper string for comparison: (4): DE AD BE EF
"DE" found in "(4): DE AD BE EF"... Reducing pattern
"AD" found in "AD BE EF"... Reducing pattern
"BE" found in "BE EF"... Reducing pattern
"EF" found in "EF"... Reducing pattern
```

A.1.5 Number of Bytes

Description
The Length of a Stream surrounded by brakets shall be included in the human readable string.

Reason for the implementation
Show the length of a Stream without counting the seperated values.

Fitcriterion
The described pattern including the decimal number of bytes is included in the string for at least one Stream.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Checking test pattern with length 4.

Success	'(4)' is in '(4): de ad be ef' at position 0

A.1.6 CRLF-Filter

Description
The module stringtools shall have a method to replace carriage return and line feed to their escaped representation.

Reason for the implementation
Replace these characters to make output printable (e.g. for logging a string based protocol).

Fitcriterion
Filter at least one string and check at least one CR and one LF representation.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Checking test pattern with length 4.

Success	Returnvalue of linefeed_filter is correct (Content 'test//r//n123//r//n' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Returnvalue of linefeed_filter): 'test\\r\\n123\\r\\n' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Returnvalue of linefeed_filter): result = 'test\\r\\n123\\r\\n' (<type 'str'>)
```

A.1.7 Compress

Description
The module stringtools shall have a method compressing a Stream with gzip.

Reason for the implementation
Speed up transfer with low transfer rate.

Fitcriterion
Compressed Stream is extractable and results in the original data.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Compressing Streams result in differnt streams with the same input stream. Therefore the test will compare the decompressed data.

Info	Compressing stream: (30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff

```
GZIP: Finished to compress a string (compression_rate=0.867, consumed_time=0.0s).
```

Info	Extracting stream: (26): 1f 8b 08 00 b2 b9 3a 5e 02 ff 63 60 40 01 ff 51 01 00 2d 8a 7d de 1e 00 00 00

```
GZIP: Finished to extract a string (compression_rate=0.867, consumed_time=0.0s).
```

Success	Extracted data is correct (Content (30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Extracted data): (30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff
↪  ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Extracted data): result = (30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff
↪  ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff (<type 'str'>)
```

A.1.8 Extract

Description
The module stringtools shall have a method extracting a Stream with gzip.

Reason for the implementation
Speed up transfer with low transfer rate.

Fitcriterion
Extracted Stream is equal to the original compressed data.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Extracting stream: (26): 1f 8b 08 00 34 e0 04 5d 02 ff 63 60 40 01 ff 51 01 00 2d 8a 7d de 1e 00 00 00

```
GZIP: Finished to extract a string (compression_rate=0.867, consumed_time=0.0s).
```

Success	Extracted data is correct (Content '(30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Extracted data): '(30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff
↪  ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Extracted data): result = '(30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff
↪  ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff' (<type 'str'>)
```

A.1.9 Frame creation

Description
The CSP module shall support a method to create a Frame from a stream.

Reason for the implementation
Simple message or frame generation for streams (e.g. Keyboard (user input), RFID-Reader, . . .).

Fitcriterion
Creation of a testframe and checking the result.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Creating testframe for ":testframe: for csp"

Success	CSP-Frame is correct (Content ':testframe: for csp/n' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (CSP-Frame): ':testframe: for csp\n' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (CSP-Frame): result = ':testframe: for csp\n' (<type 'str'>)
```

A.1.10 Frame creation error

Description
The Frame creation Method shall raise ValueError, if a frame separation character is in the Source-String.

Reason for the implementation
String including separation charcter will be splitted in pieces while processing after transport.

Fitcriterion
ValueErroro is raised for at least one String including the separation character.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Creating testframe for ":testframe: for csp"

Success	CSP-Frame is correct (Content <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> and Type is <type 'type'>).

```
Result (CSP-Frame): <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> (<type 'type'>)
Expectation (CSP-Frame): result = <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> (<type 'type'>)
```

A.1.11 Frame processing

Description
The CSP Module shall support a class including a method to process stream snipets of variable length. This Method shall return an empty list, if no frame has been detected, otherwise it shall return a list including detected frame(s).

Reason for the implementation
Support message analysis of a stream with every size.

Fitcriterion
At least one frame given in at least two snippets is identified correctly.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Processing testframe: ":testframe: for csp/n" in two snippets

```
CSP: Leaving data in buffer (to be processed next time): (10): 3a 74 65 73 74 66 72 61 6d 65
CSP: message identified - (19): 3a 74 65 73 74 66 72 61 6d 65 3a 20 66 6f 72 20 63 73 70
```

Success	First processed CSP-Snippet is correct (Content [] and Type is <type 'list'>).

```
Result (First processed CSP-Snippet): [  ] (<type 'list'>)
Expectation (First processed CSP-Snippet): result = [  ] (<type 'list'>)
```

Success	Final processed CSP-Frame is correct (Content [':testframe: for csp'] and Type is <type 'list'>).

```
Result (Final processed CSP-Frame): [ ':testframe: for csp' ] (<type 'list'>)
Expectation (Final processed CSP-Frame): result = [ ':testframe: for csp' ] (<type 'list'>)
```

A.1.12 Frame processing - Input data type error

Description

If the input data is not bytes for python3 or str for python 2, the process method shall raise TypeError.

Reason for the implementation

Type restriction.

Fitcriterion

At least the following types return TypeError (list, int, str for python3, unicode for python 2).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Processing wrong data (list)

Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> and Type is <type 'type'>).

```
Result (Wrong data exception): <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> (<type 'type'>)
Expectation (Wrong data exception): result = <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> (<type 'type'>)
```

Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content '' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Buffer still empty): '' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Buffer still empty): result = '' (<type 'str'>)
```

Info	Processing wrong data (int)

Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> and Type is <type 'type'>).

```
Result (Wrong data exception): <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> (<type 'type'>)
Expectation (Wrong data exception): result = <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> (<type 'type'>)
```

Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content '' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Buffer still empty): '' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Buffer still empty): result = '' (<type 'str'>)
```

Info	Processing wrong data (unicode)

Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> and Type is <type 'type'>).

```
Result (Wrong data exception): <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> (<type 'type'>)
Expectation (Wrong data exception): result = <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> (<type 'type'>)
```

Success Buffer still empty is correct (Content '' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Buffer still empty): '' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Buffer still empty): result = '' (<type 'str'>)
```

A.1.13 Frame creation

Description
A frame creation method shall create a frame out of given input data.

Reason for the implementation
Message or Frame generation for streams (e.g. data transfer via bluetooth, ethernet, ...).

Fitcriterion
Creation of a testframe and checking the result.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info Creating testframe for "testframe for stp"

Success STP-Frame is correct (Content ':<testframe for stp:>' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (STP-Frame): ':<testframe for stp:>' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (STP-Frame): result = ':<testframe for stp:>' (<type 'str'>)
```

A.1.14 Frame creation - Start pattern and end pattern inside a message

Description
The frame creation method shall support existance of the start or end pattern in the data to be framed.

Reason for the implementation
Possibility to send any kind of data (including the patterns).

Fitcriterion
Creation of a testframe out of data including at least one start pattern and one end pattern and checking the result.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Creating testframe including start and end pattern for "testframe for :<stp:>"

Success	STP-Frame is correct (Content ':<testframe for :=<stp:⇒:>' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (STP-Frame): ':<testframe for :=<stp:=>:>' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (STP-Frame): result = ':<testframe for :=<stp:=>:>' (<type 'str'>)
```

A.1.15 Frame processing

Description
The STP Module shall support a class including a method to process stream snipets of variable length. This Method shall return an empty list, if no frame has been detected, otherwise it shall return a list including detected frame(s).

Reason for the implementation
Support message analysis of a stream with every size.

Fitcriterion
At least one frame given in at least two snippets is identified correctly.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Processing testframe: ":<testframe for stp:>"

```
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: end pattern (3a 3e) received => storing message and changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 ->
↪  STP_STATE_IDLE
STP: message identified - (17): 74 65 73 74 66 72 61 6d 65 20 66 6f 72 20 73 74 70
```

Success	First processed STP snippet is correct (Content [] and Type is <type 'list'>).

```
Result (First processed STP snippet): [  ] (<type 'list'>)
Expectation (First processed STP snippet): result = [  ] (<type 'list'>)
```

Success	Final processed STP snippet is correct (Content ['testframe for stp'] and Type is <type 'list'>).

```
Result (Final processed STP snippet): [ 'testframe for stp' ] (<type 'list'>)
Expectation (Final processed STP snippet): result = [ 'testframe for stp' ] (<type 'list'>)
```

A.1.16 Frame processing - Input data type error

Description

If the input data is not bytes for python3 or str for python 2, the process method shall raise TypeError.

Reason for the implementation

Type restriction.

Fitcriterion

At least the following types return TypeError (list, int, str for python3, unicode for python 2).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Processing wrong data (list)

Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> and Type is <type 'type'>).

```
Result (Wrong data exception): <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> (<type 'type'>)
Expectation (Wrong data exception): result = <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> (<type 'type'>)
```

Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content '' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Buffer still empty): '' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Buffer still empty): result = '' (<type 'str'>)
```

Info	Processing wrong data (int)

Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> and Type is <type 'type'>).

```
Result (Wrong data exception): <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> (<type 'type'>)
Expectation (Wrong data exception): result = <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> (<type 'type'>)
```

Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content '' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Buffer still empty): '' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Buffer still empty): result = '' (<type 'str'>)
```

Info	Processing wrong data (unicode)

Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> and Type is <type 'type'>).

```
Result (Wrong data exception): <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> (<type 'type'>)
Expectation (Wrong data exception): result = <type 'exceptions.ValueError'> (<type 'type'>)
```

Success Buffer still empty is correct (Content '' and Type is <type 'str'>).

```
Result (Buffer still empty): '' (<type 'str'>)
Expectation (Buffer still empty): result = '' (<type 'str'>)
```

A.1.17 Frame processing - Start pattern and end pattern inside a message

Reason for the implementation

Possibility to send any kind of data (including the patterns).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info Processing testframe: ":<testframe for :=<stp:⇒:>"

```
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: store sync pattern (3a 3d) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: store sync pattern (3a 3d) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: end pattern (3a 3e) received => storing message and changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 ->
↪  STP_STATE_IDLE
STP: message identified - (21): 74 65 73 74 66 72 61 6d 65 20 66 6f 72 20 3a 3c 73 74 70 3a 3e
```

Success Processed STP-Frame is correct (Content ['testframe for :<stp:>'] and Type is <type 'list'>).

```
Result (Processed STP-Frame): [ 'testframe for :<stp:>' ] (<type 'list'>)
Expectation (Processed STP-Frame): result = [ 'testframe for :<stp:>' ] (<type 'list'>)
```

A.1.18 Frame processing - Data before the start pattern

Description

Data before the start pattern shall be ignored. A warning shall be given to the logger.

Reason for the implementation

Robustness against wrong or corrupted data.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Processing testframe: "_:<testframe for stp:>"

```
STP: no data sync (5f) received => ignoring byte
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: end pattern (3a 3e) received => storing message and changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 ->
↪  STP_STATE_IDLE
STP: message identified - (17): 74 65 73 74 66 72 61 6d 65 20 66 6f 72 20 73 74 70
```

Success	Processed STP-Frame is correct (Content ['testframe for stp'] and Type is <type 'list'>).

```
Result (Processed STP-Frame): [ 'testframe for stp' ] (<type 'list'>)
Expectation (Processed STP-Frame): result = [ 'testframe for stp' ] (<type 'list'>)
```

A.1.19 Frame processing - Incorrect start patterns

Description
On receiving an incorrect start pattern, STP shall stay in ESCAPE_1, in case of data sync was received twice or back to state IDLE in all other faulty start patterns starting with data sync. A warning shall be given to the logger.

Reason for the implementation
Robustness against wrong or corrupted data.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Processing data with an insufficient start pattern.

```
Sending ':1' to stp.
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: no start pattern (3a 31) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 -> STP_STATE_IDLE
```

Success	Return value list if processing incorrect start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <type 'list'>).

```
Result (Return value list if processing incorrect start of frame): [ [  ] ] (<type 'list'>)
Expectation (Return value list if processing incorrect start of frame): result = [ [  ] ]
↪  (<type 'list'>)
```

Success	State after processing incorrect start of frame is correct (Content 0 and Type is <type 'int'>).

```
Result (State after processing incorrect start of frame): 0 (<type 'int'>)
Expectation (State after processing incorrect start of frame): result = 0 (<type 'int'>)
```

Info Processing data with an insufficient start pattern (two times sync).

```
Sending '::' to stp.
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: 2nd data sync (3a) received => keep state
```

Success Return value list if processing data_sync twice is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <type 'list'>).

```
Result (Return value list if processing data_sync twice): [ [  ] ] (<type 'list'>)
Expectation (Return value list if processing data_sync twice): result = [ [  ] ] (<type
↪  'list'>)
```

Success State after processing data_sync twice is correct (Content 1 and Type is <type 'int'>).

```
Result (State after processing data_sync twice): 1 (<type 'int'>)
Expectation (State after processing data_sync twice): result = 1 (<type 'int'>)
```

A.1.20 Frame processing - Incorrect end pattern

Description

On receiving an incorrect end pattern, STP shall change to state STORE_DATA, in case of a start pattern, to ESCAPE_1, in case of data sync was received twice or back to state IDLE in all other faulty end patterns starting with data sync. A warning shall be given to the logger.

Reason for the implementation

Robustness against wrong or corrupted data.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info Processing data with an insufficient end pattern.

```
Sending ':<te:d' to stp.
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: data (64) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 -> STP_STATE_IDLE
STP: Chunking "(2): 74 65" from buffer
```

Success Return value list if processing data_sync and data again after start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <type 'list'>).

```
Result (Return value list if processing data_sync and data again after start of frame): [ [
↪  ] ] (<type 'list'>)
Expectation (Return value list if processing data_sync and data again after start of frame):
↪  result = [ [  ] ] (<type 'list'>)
```

Success	State after processing data_sync and data again after start of frame is correct (Content 0 and Type is <type 'int'>).

```
Result (State after processing data_sync and data again after start of frame): 0 (<type
↪  'int'>)
Expectation (State after processing data_sync and data again after start of frame): result =
↪  0 (<type 'int'>)
```

Success	Buffer size after processing data with insufficient end pattern is correct (Content 0 and Type is <type 'int'>).

```
Result (Buffer size after processing data with insufficient end pattern): 0 (<type 'int'>)
Expectation (Buffer size after processing data with insufficient end pattern): result = 0
↪  (<type 'int'>)
```

Info	Processing data with an insufficient end pattern (start pattern instead of end pattern).

```
Sending ':<te:<' to stp.
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: Chunking "(2): 74 65" from buffer
```

Success	Return value list if processing 2nd start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <type 'list'>).

```
Result (Return value list if processing 2nd start of frame): [ [  ] ] (<type 'list'>)
Expectation (Return value list if processing 2nd start of frame): result = [ [  ] ] (<type
↪  'list'>)
```

Success	State after processing 2nd start of frame is correct (Content 3 and Type is <type 'int'>).

```
Result (State after processing 2nd start of frame): 3 (<type 'int'>)
Expectation (State after processing 2nd start of frame): result = 3 (<type 'int'>)
```

Success	Buffer size after processing 2nd start of frame is correct (Content 0 and Type is <type 'int'>).

```
Result (Buffer size after processing 2nd start of frame): 0 (<type 'int'>)
Expectation (Buffer size after processing 2nd start of frame): result = 0 (<type 'int'>)
```

Info	Processing data with an insufficient end pattern (two times sync instead of end pattern).

```
Sending ':<te::' to stp.
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: second data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: Chunking "(2): 74 65" from buffer
```

Success	Return value list if processing data_sync twice after start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <type 'list'>).

```
Result (Return value list if processing data_sync twice after start of frame): [ [  ] ]
↪  (<type 'list'>)
Expectation (Return value list if processing data_sync twice after start of frame): result =
↪  [ [  ] ] (<type 'list'>)
```

Success	State after processing data_sync twice after start of frame is correct (Content 1 and Type is <type 'int'>).

```
Result (State after processing data_sync twice after start of frame): 1 (<type 'int'>)
Expectation (State after processing data_sync twice after start of frame): result = 1 (<type
↪  'int'>)
```

A.1.21 Frame processing - After state corruption

Description

The state of STP shall be set to IDLE, after an unknown state was recognised. The currently processed data shall be processed again. An error shall be given to the logger.

Reason for the implementation

Robustness against wrong or corrupted data.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Corrupting stp state and processing data.

```
Sending ':<te' to stp.
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
Setting state of stp to 255.
Sending ':<te' to stp.
STP: unknown state (255) => adding value (3a) back to data again and changing state ->
↪  STP_STATE_IDLE
STP: Chunking "(2): 74 65" from buffer
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
```

Success	Return value list if processing start of a frame after state had been corrupted is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <type 'list'>).

```
Result (Return value list if processing start of a frame after state had been corrupted): [ [
↪    ] ] (<type 'list'>)
Expectation (Return value list if processing start of a frame after state had been
↪  corrupted): result = [ [  ] ] (<type 'list'>)
```

Success	State after processing start of a frame after state had been corrupted is correct (Content 3 and Type is <type 'int'>).

```
Result (State after processing start of a frame after state had been corrupted): 3 (<type
↪  'int'>)
Expectation (State after processing start of a frame after state had been corrupted): result
↪  = 3 (<type 'int'>)
```

Success	Buffer size after corrupting stp state is correct (Content 2 and Type is <type 'int'>).

```
Result (Buffer size after corrupting stp state): 2 (<type 'int'>)
Expectation (Buffer size after corrupting stp state): result = 2 (<type 'int'>)
```

B Trace for testrun with python 3.6.9 (final)

B.1 Tests with status Info (21)

B.1.1 Physical representation

Description

The library `stringtools` shall have a method `physical_repr`, transforming a float or integer value to a string with a 1 to 3 digit value followed by the physical prefix for the unit.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Success	Physical representation for 1.17e-10 is correct (Content '117p' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 1.17e-10): '117p' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 1.17e-10): result = '117p' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 5.4e-08 is correct (Content '54n' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 5.4e-08): '54n' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 5.4e-08): result = '54n' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 2.53e-05 is correct (Content '25.3' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 2.53e-05): '25.3' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 2.53e-05): result = '25.3' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 0.1 is correct (Content '100m' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 0.1): '100m' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 0.1): result = '100m' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 0 is correct (Content '0' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 0): '0' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 0): result = '0' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 1 is correct (Content '1' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 1): '1' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 1): result = '1' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 1000 is correct (Content '1k' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 1000): '1k' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 1000): result = '1k' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 1005001 is correct (Content '1.01M' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 1005001): '1.01M' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 1005001): result = '1.01M' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 1004000000 is correct (Content '1G' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 1004000000): '1G' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 1004000000): result = '1G' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 1003000000000 is correct (Content '1T' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 1003000000000): '1T' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 1003000000000): result = '1T' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 10000000000000000 is correct (Content '10P' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 10000000000000000): '10P' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 10000000000000000): result = '10P' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 17.17 is correct (Content '17.17' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 17.17): '17.17' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 17.17): result = '17.17' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 117000 is correct (Content '117k' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 117000): '117k' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 117000): result = '117k' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Physical representation for 117.17 is correct (Content '117.2' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Physical representation for 117.17): '117.2' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Physical representation for 117.17): result = '117.2' (<class 'str'>)
```

B.1.2 Time representation

Description

The library `stringtools` shall have a method `physical_repr`, transforming an integer value to a time string like `HH:MM:SS`.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Success	Time representation for 59 is correct (Content '00:59' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 59): '00:59' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 59): result = '00:59' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Time representation for 60 is correct (Content '01:00' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 60): '01:00' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 60): result = '01:00' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Time representation for 3599 is correct (Content '59:59' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 3599): '59:59' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 3599): result = '59:59' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Time representation for 3600 is correct (Content '01:00:00' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 3600): '01:00:00' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 3600): result = '01:00:00' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Time representation for 86399 is correct (Content '23:59:59' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 86399): '23:59:59' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 86399): result = '23:59:59' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Time representation for 86400 is correct (Content '1D' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 86400): '1D' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 86400): result = '1D' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Time representation for 86459 is correct (Content '1D 00:59' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 86459): '1D 00:59' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 86459): result = '1D 00:59' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Time representation for 90000 is correct (Content '1D 01:00:00' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Time representation for 90000): '1D 01:00:00' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Time representation for 90000): result = '1D 01:00:00' (<class 'str'>)
```

B.1.3 Fraction representation

Description

The library `stringtools` shall have a method `frac_repr`, transforming a float or integer value to a fraction string with a limited denominator.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Success	Fraction representation for 17.4 is correct (Content '87/5' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Fraction representation for 17.4): '87/5' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Fraction representation for 17.4): result = '87/5' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Fraction representation for 0.25 is correct (Content '1/4' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Fraction representation for 0.25): '1/4' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Fraction representation for 0.25): result = '1/4' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Fraction representation for 0.1 is correct (Content '1/10' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Fraction representation for 0.1): '1/10' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Fraction representation for 0.1): result = '1/10' (<class 'str'>)
```

Success	Fraction representation for 0.01666667 is correct (Content '1/60' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Fraction representation for 0.01666667): '1/60' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Fraction representation for 0.01666667): result = '1/60' (<class 'str'>)
```

B.1.4 Hexadecimal Values

Description

A Stream shall be converted to a human readable String containing all bytes as hexadecimal values seperated by a Space.

Reason for the implementation

Make non printable characters printable.

Fitcriterion

A stream shall be converted at least once and the hex values shall exist in the returnvalue in the correct order.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Checking test pattern de ad be ef (<class 'bytes'>).

Success	Pattern included all relevant information in the correct order.

```
Return value of hexlify is (4): de ad be ef
Using upper string for comparison: (4): DE AD BE EF
"DE" found in "(4): DE AD BE EF"... Reducing pattern
"AD" found in "AD BE EF"... Reducing pattern
"BE" found in "BE EF"... Reducing pattern
"EF" found in "EF"... Reducing pattern
```

B.1.5 Number of Bytes

Description
The Length of a Stream surrounded by brakets shall be included in the human readable string.

Reason for the implementation
Show the length of a Stream without counting the seperated values.

Fitcriterion
The described pattern including the decimal number of bytes is included in the string for at least one Stream.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Checking test pattern with length 4.

Success	'(4)' is in '(4): de ad be ef' at position 0

B.1.6 CRLF-Filter

Description
The module stringtools shall have a method to replace carriage return and line feed to their escaped representation.

Reason for the implementation
Replace these characters to make output printable (e.g. for logging a string based protocol).

Fitcriterion
Filter at least one string and check at least one CR and one LF representation.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Checking test pattern with length 4.

Success	Returnvalue of linefeed_filter is correct (Content b'test//r//n123//r//n' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

```
Result (Returnvalue of linefeed_filter): b'test\\r\\n123\\r\\n' (<class 'bytes'>)
```

```
Expectation (Returnvalue of linefeed_filter): result = b'test\\r\\n123\\r\\n' (<class
↪  'bytes'>)
```

B.1.7 Compress

Description
The module stringtools shall have a method compressing a Stream with gzip.

Reason for the implementation
Speed up transfer with low transfer rate.

Fitcriterion
Compressed Stream is extractable and results in the original data.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Compressing Streams result in differnt streams with the same input stream. Therefore the test will compare the decompressed data.

Info	Compressing stream: (30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff

```
GZIP: Finished to compress a string (compression_rate=0.867, consumed_time=0.0s).
```

Info	Extracting stream: (26): 1f 8b 08 00 b2 b9 3a 5e 02 ff 63 60 40 01 ff 51 01 00 2d 8a 7d de 1e 00 00 00

```
GZIP: Finished to extract a string (compression_rate=0.867, consumed_time=0.0s).
```

Success	Extracted data is correct (Content (30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

```
Result (Extracted data): (30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff
↪  ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff (<class 'bytes'>)
```

```
Expectation (Extracted data): result = (30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff
↪  ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff (<class 'bytes'>)
```

B.1.8 Extract

Description
The module stringtools shall have a method extracting a Stream with gzip.

Reason for the implementation
Speed up transfer with low transfer rate.

Fitcriterion
Extracted Stream is equal to the original compressed data.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Extracting stream: (26): 1f 8b 08 00 34 e0 04 5d 02 ff 63 60 40 01 ff 51 01 00 2d 8a 7d de 1e 00 00 00

```
GZIP: Finished to extract a string (compression_rate=0.867, consumed_time=0.0s).
```

Success	Extracted data is correct (Content '(30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff' and Type is <class 'str'>).

```
Result (Extracted data): '(30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff
↪  ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff' (<class 'str'>)
Expectation (Extracted data): result = '(30): 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ff
↪  ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff' (<class 'str'>)
```

B.1.9 Frame creation

Description
The CSP module shall support a method to create a Frame from a stream.

Reason for the implementation
Simple message or frame generation for streams (e.g. Keyboard (user input), RFID-Reader, . . .).

Fitcriterion
Creation of a testframe and checking the result.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Creating testframe for 'b':testframe: for csp"

Success	CSP-Frame is correct (Content b':testframe: for csp/n' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

```
Result (CSP-Frame): b':testframe: for csp\n' (<class 'bytes'>)
Expectation (CSP-Frame): result = b':testframe: for csp\n' (<class 'bytes'>)
```

B.1.10 Frame creation error

Description
The Frame creation Method shall raise ValueError, if a frame separation character is in the Source-String.

Reason for the implementation
String including separation charcter will be splitted in pieces while processing after transport.

Fitcriterion
ValueErroro is raised for at least one String including the separation character.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Creating testframe for 'b':testframe: for csp"

Success	CSP-Frame is correct (Content <class 'ValueError'> and Type is <class 'type'>).

```
Result (CSP-Frame): <class 'ValueError'> (<class 'type'>)
Expectation (CSP-Frame): result = <class 'ValueError'> (<class 'type'>)
```

B.1.11 Frame processing

Description
The CSP Module shall support a class including a method to process stream snipets of variable length. This Method shall return an empty list, if no frame has been detected, otherwise it shall return a list including detected frame(s).

Reason for the implementation
Support message analysis of a stream with every size.

Fitcriterion
At least one frame given in at least two snippets is identified correctly.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Processing testframe: 'b':testframe: for csp/n" in two snippets

```
CSP: Leaving data in buffer (to be processed next time): (10): 3a 74 65 73 74 66 72 61 6d 65
CSP: message identified - (19): 3a 74 65 73 74 66 72 61 6d 65 3a 20 66 6f 72 20 63 73 70
```

Success	First processed CSP-Snippet is correct (Content [] and Type is <class 'list'>).

```
Result (First processed CSP-Snippet): [  ] (<class 'list'>)
Expectation (First processed CSP-Snippet): result = [  ] (<class 'list'>)
```

Success	Final processed CSP-Frame is correct (Content [b':testframe: for csp'] and Type is <class 'list'>).

```
Result (Final processed CSP-Frame): [ b':testframe: for csp' ] (<class 'list'>)
Expectation (Final processed CSP-Frame): result = [ b':testframe: for csp' ] (<class 'list'>)
```

B.1.12 Frame processing - Input data type error

Description

If the input data is not bytes for python3 or str for python 2, the process method shall raise TypeError.

Reason for the implementation

Type restriction.

Fitcriterion

At least the following types return TypeError (list, int, str for python3, unicode for python 2).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Processing wrong data (list)

Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <class 'ValueError'> and Type is <class 'type'>).

```
Result (Wrong data exception): <class 'ValueError'> (<class 'type'>)
Expectation (Wrong data exception): result = <class 'ValueError'> (<class 'type'>)
```

Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content b'' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

```
Result (Buffer still empty): b'' (<class 'bytes'>)
Expectation (Buffer still empty): result = b'' (<class 'bytes'>)
```

Info	Processing wrong data (int)

Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <class 'ValueError'> and Type is <class 'type'>).

```
Result (Wrong data exception): <class 'ValueError'> (<class 'type'>)
Expectation (Wrong data exception): result = <class 'ValueError'> (<class 'type'>)
```

Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content b'' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

```
Result (Buffer still empty): b'' (<class 'bytes'>)
Expectation (Buffer still empty): result = b'' (<class 'bytes'>)
```

Info	Processing wrong data (str)

Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <class 'ValueError'> and Type is <class 'type'>).

```
Result (Wrong data exception): <class 'ValueError'> (<class 'type'>)
Expectation (Wrong data exception): result = <class 'ValueError'> (<class 'type'>)
```

Success Buffer still empty is correct (Content b'' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

```
Result (Buffer still empty): b'' (<class 'bytes'>)
Expectation (Buffer still empty): result = b'' (<class 'bytes'>)
```

B.1.13 Frame creation

Description
A frame creation method shall create a frame out of given input data.

Reason for the implementation
Message or Frame generation for streams (e.g. data transfer via bluetooth, ethernet, ...).

Fitcriterion
Creation of a testframe and checking the result.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info Creating testframe for 'b'testframe for stp''

Success STP-Frame is correct (Content b':<testframe for stp:>' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

```
Result (STP-Frame): b':<testframe for stp:>' (<class 'bytes'>)
Expectation (STP-Frame): result = b':<testframe for stp:>' (<class 'bytes'>)
```

B.1.14 Frame creation - Start pattern and end pattern inside a message

Description
The frame creation method shall support existance of the start or end pattern in the data to be framed.

Reason for the implementation
Possibility to send any kind of data (including the patterns).

Fitcriterion
Creation of a testframe out of data including at least one start pattern and one end pattern and checking the result.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Creating testframe including start and end pattern for 'b'testframe for :<stp:>"

Success	STP-Frame is correct (Content b':<testframe for :=<stp:⇒:>' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

```
Result (STP-Frame): b':<testframe for :=<stp:=>:>' (<class 'bytes'>)
Expectation (STP-Frame): result = b':<testframe for :=<stp:=>:>' (<class 'bytes'>)
```

B.1.15 Frame processing

Description
The STP Module shall support a class including a method to process stream snipets of variable length. This Method shall return an empty list, if no frame has been detected, otherwise it shall return a list including detected frame(s).

Reason for the implementation
Support message analysis of a stream with every size.

Fitcriterion
At least one frame given in at least two snippets is identified correctly.

Testresult
This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Processing testframe: 'b':<testframe for stp:>"

```
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: end pattern (3a 3e) received => storing message and changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 ->
↪  STP_STATE_IDLE
STP: message identified - (17): 74 65 73 74 66 72 61 6d 65 20 66 6f 72 20 73 74 70
```

Success	First processed STP snippet is correct (Content [] and Type is <class 'list'>).

```
Result (First processed STP snippet): [  ] (<class 'list'>)
Expectation (First processed STP snippet): result = [  ] (<class 'list'>)
```

Success	Final processed STP snippet is correct (Content [b'testframe for stp'] and Type is <class 'list'>).

```
Result (Final processed STP snippet): [ b'testframe for stp' ] (<class 'list'>)
Expectation (Final processed STP snippet): result = [ b'testframe for stp' ] (<class 'list'>)
```

B.1.16 Frame processing - Input data type error

Description

If the input data is not bytes for python3 or str for python 2, the process method shall raise TypeError.

Reason for the implementation

Type restriction.

Fitcriterion

At least the following types return TypeError (list, int, str for python3, unicode for python 2).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Processing wrong data (list)

Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <class 'ValueError'> and Type is <class 'type'>).

```
Result (Wrong data exception): <class 'ValueError'> (<class 'type'>)
Expectation (Wrong data exception): result = <class 'ValueError'> (<class 'type'>)
```

Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content b'' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

```
Result (Buffer still empty): b'' (<class 'bytes'>)
Expectation (Buffer still empty): result = b'' (<class 'bytes'>)
```

Info	Processing wrong data (int)

Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <class 'ValueError'> and Type is <class 'type'>).

```
Result (Wrong data exception): <class 'ValueError'> (<class 'type'>)
Expectation (Wrong data exception): result = <class 'ValueError'> (<class 'type'>)
```

Success	Buffer still empty is correct (Content b'' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

```
Result (Buffer still empty): b'' (<class 'bytes'>)
Expectation (Buffer still empty): result = b'' (<class 'bytes'>)
```

Info	Processing wrong data (str)

Success	Wrong data exception is correct (Content <class 'ValueError'> and Type is <class 'type'>).

```
Result (Wrong data exception): <class 'ValueError'> (<class 'type'>)
Expectation (Wrong data exception): result = <class 'ValueError'> (<class 'type'>)
```

Success Buffer still empty is correct (Content b'' and Type is <class 'bytes'>).

```
Result (Buffer still empty): b'' (<class 'bytes'>)
Expectation (Buffer still empty): result = b'' (<class 'bytes'>)
```

B.1.17 Frame processing - Start pattern and end pattern inside a message

Reason for the implementation

Possibility to send any kind of data (including the patterns).

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info Processing testframe: 'b':<testframe for :=<stp:⇒:>"

```
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: store sync pattern (3a 3d) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: store sync pattern (3a 3d) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: end pattern (3a 3e) received => storing message and changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 ->
↪  STP_STATE_IDLE
STP: message identified - (21): 74 65 73 74 66 72 61 6d 65 20 66 6f 72 20 3a 3c 73 74 70 3a 3e
```

Success Processed STP-Frame is correct (Content [b'testframe for :<stp:>'] and Type is <class 'list'>).

```
Result (Processed STP-Frame): [ b'testframe for :<stp:>' ] (<class 'list'>)
Expectation (Processed STP-Frame): result = [ b'testframe for :<stp:>' ] (<class 'list'>)
```

B.1.18 Frame processing - Data before the start pattern

Description

Data before the start pattern shall be ignored. A warning shall be given to the logger.

Reason for the implementation

Robustness against wrong or corrupted data.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Processing testframe: 'b'_:<testframe for stp:>''

```
STP: no data sync (5f) received => ignoring byte
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: end pattern (3a 3e) received => storing message and changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 ->
↪  STP_STATE_IDLE
STP: message identified - (17): 74 65 73 74 66 72 61 6d 65 20 66 6f 72 20 73 74 70
```

Success	Processed STP-Frame is correct (Content [b'testframe for stp'] and Type is <class 'list'>).

```
Result (Processed STP-Frame): [ b'testframe for stp' ] (<class 'list'>)
Expectation (Processed STP-Frame): result = [ b'testframe for stp' ] (<class 'list'>)
```

B.1.19 Frame processing - Incorrect start patterns

Description

On receiving an incorrect start pattern, STP shall stay in ESCAPE_1, in case of data sync was received twice or back to state IDLE in all other faulty start patterns starting with data sync. A warning shall be given to the logger.

Reason for the implementation

Robustness against wrong or corrupted data.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Processing data with an insufficient start pattern.

```
Sending b':1' to stp.
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: no start pattern (3a 31) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 -> STP_STATE_IDLE
```

Success	Return value list if processing incorrect start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <class 'list'>).

```
Result (Return value list if processing incorrect start of frame): [ [  ] ] (<class 'list'>)
Expectation (Return value list if processing incorrect start of frame): result = [ [  ] ]
↪  (<class 'list'>)
```

Success	State after processing incorrect start of frame is correct (Content 0 and Type is <class 'int'>).

```
Result (State after processing incorrect start of frame): 0 (<class 'int'>)
Expectation (State after processing incorrect start of frame): result = 0 (<class 'int'>)
```

Info Processing data with an insufficient start pattern (two times sync).

```
Sending b'::' to stp.
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: 2nd data sync (3a) received => keep state
```

Success Return value list if processing data_sync twice is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <class 'list'>).

```
Result (Return value list if processing data_sync twice): [ [  ] ] (<class 'list'>)
Expectation (Return value list if processing data_sync twice): result = [ [  ] ] (<class
↪  'list'>)
```

Success State after processing data_sync twice is correct (Content 1 and Type is <class 'int'>).

```
Result (State after processing data_sync twice): 1 (<class 'int'>)
Expectation (State after processing data_sync twice): result = 1 (<class 'int'>)
```

B.1.20 Frame processing - Incorrect end pattern

Description

On receiving an incorrect end pattern, STP shall change to state STORE_DATA, in case of a start pattern, to ESCAPE_1, in case of data sync was received twice or back to state IDLE in all other faulty end patterns starting with data sync. A warning shall be given to the logger.

Reason for the implementation

Robustness against wrong or corrupted data.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info Processing data with an insufficient end pattern.

```
Sending b':<te:d' to stp.
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: data (64) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 -> STP_STATE_IDLE
STP: Chunking "(2): 74 65" from buffer
```

Success Return value list if processing data_sync and data again after start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <class 'list'>).

```
Result (Return value list if processing data_sync and data again after start of frame): [ [
↪  ] ] (<class 'list'>)
Expectation (Return value list if processing data_sync and data again after start of frame):
↪  result = [ [  ] ] (<class 'list'>)
```

Success State after processing data_sync and data again after start of frame is correct (Content 0 and Type is <class 'int'>).

```
Result (State after processing data_sync and data again after start of frame): 0 (<class
↪  'int'>)
Expectation (State after processing data_sync and data again after start of frame): result =
↪  0 (<class 'int'>)
```

Success Buffer size after processing data with insufficient end pattern is correct (Content 0 and Type is <class 'int'>).

```
Result (Buffer size after processing data with insufficient end pattern): 0 (<class 'int'>)
Expectation (Buffer size after processing data with insufficient end pattern): result = 0
↪  (<class 'int'>)
```

Info Processing data with an insufficient end pattern (start pattern instead of end pattern).

```
Sending b':<te:<' to stp.
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: Chunking "(2): 74 65" from buffer
```

Success Return value list if processing 2nd start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <class 'list'>).

```
Result (Return value list if processing 2nd start of frame): [ [  ] ] (<class 'list'>)
Expectation (Return value list if processing 2nd start of frame): result = [ [  ] ] (<class
↪  'list'>)
```

Success State after processing 2nd start of frame is correct (Content 3 and Type is <class 'int'>).

```
Result (State after processing 2nd start of frame): 3 (<class 'int'>)
Expectation (State after processing 2nd start of frame): result = 3 (<class 'int'>)
```

Success Buffer size after processing 2nd start of frame is correct (Content 0 and Type is <class 'int'>).

```
Result (Buffer size after processing 2nd start of frame): 0 (<class 'int'>)
Expectation (Buffer size after processing 2nd start of frame): result = 0 (<class 'int'>)
```

Info Processing data with an insufficient end pattern (two times sync instead of end pattern).

```
Sending b':<te::' to stp.
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
STP: second data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: Chunking "(2): 74 65" from buffer
```

Success	Return value list if processing data_sync twice after start of frame is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <class 'list'>).

```
Result (Return value list if processing data_sync twice after start of frame): [ [  ] ]
↪  (<class 'list'>)
Expectation (Return value list if processing data_sync twice after start of frame): result =
↪  [ [  ] ] (<class 'list'>)
```

Success	State after processing data_sync twice after start of frame is correct (Content 1 and Type is <class 'int'>).

```
Result (State after processing data_sync twice after start of frame): 1 (<class 'int'>)
Expectation (State after processing data_sync twice after start of frame): result = 1 (<class
↪  'int'>)
```

B.1.21 Frame processing - After state corruption

Description

The state of STP shall be set to IDLE, after an unknown state was recognised. The currently processed data shall be processed again. An error shall be given to the logger.

Reason for the implementation

Robustness against wrong or corrupted data.

Testresult

This test was passed with the state: **Success**.

Info	Corrupting stp state and processing data.

```
Sending b':<te' to stp.
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
Setting state of stp to 255.
Sending b':<te' to stp.
STP: unknown state (255) => adding value (3a) back to data again and changing state ->
↪  STP_STATE_IDLE
STP: Chunking "(2): 74 65" from buffer
STP: data sync (3a) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
STP: start pattern (3a 3c) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 ->
↪  STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
```

Success	Return value list if processing start of a frame after state had been corrupted is correct (Content [[]] and Type is <class 'list'>).

```
Result (Return value list if processing start of a frame after state had been corrupted): [ [
↪    ] ] (<class 'list'>)
Expectation (Return value list if processing start of a frame after state had been
↪  corrupted): result = [ [  ] ] (<class 'list'>)
```

Success	State after processing start of a frame after state had been corrupted is correct (Content 3 and Type is <class 'int'>).

```
Result (State after processing start of a frame after state had been corrupted): 3 (<class
↪  'int'>)
Expectation (State after processing start of a frame after state had been corrupted): result
↪  = 3 (<class 'int'>)
```

Success	Buffer size after corrupting stp state is correct (Content 2 and Type is <class 'int'>).

```
Result (Buffer size after corrupting stp state): 2 (<class 'int'>)
Expectation (Buffer size after corrupting stp state): result = 2 (<class 'int'>)
```

C Test-Coverage

C.1 stringtools

The line coverage for stringtools was 100.0%
The branch coverage for stringtools was 97.7%

C.1.1 stringtools.__init__.py

The line coverage for stringtools.__init__.py was 100.0%
The branch coverage for stringtools.__init__.py was 97.7%

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
#
"""
stringtools (Stringtools)
=========================

**Author:**

* Dirk Alders <sudo-dirk@mount-mockery.de>

**Description:**

    This Module supports functionality around string operations.

**Submodules:**

* :mod:`stringtools.csp`
* :mod:`stringtools.stp`
* :func:`gzip_compress`
* :func:`gzip_extract`
* :func:`hexlify`

**Unittest:**

        See also the :download:`unittest <stringtools/_testresults_/unittest.pdf>` documentation.

**Module Documentation:**

"""

from stringtools import stp
from stringtools import csp
__DEPENDENCIES__ = []

import fractions
import gzip
import logging
import time
import sys
if sys.version_info < (3, 0):
    from cStringIO import StringIO

logger_name = 'STRINGTOOLS'
logger = logging.getLogger(logger_name)

__DESCRIPTION__ = """The Module {\\tt %s} is designed to support functionality for strings (e.g.
    transfer strings via a bytestream, compressing, extracting, ...).
For more Information read the sphinx documentation.""" % __name__.replace('_', '\_')
"""The Module Description"""
__INTERPRETER__ = (2, 3)
"""The Tested Interpreter-Versions"""

__all__ = ['gzip_compress',
```

```
            'gzip_extract',
            'hexlify',
            'csp',
            'stp']


def physical_value_repr(value, unit=''):
    prefix = {
        -4: 'p',
        -3: 'n',
        -2: 'µ',
        -1: 'm',
        0: '',
        1: 'k',
        2: 'M',
        3: 'G',
        4: 'T',
        5: 'P',
    }
    u = 0
    while u > -4 and u < 5 and (value >= 1000. or value < 1.) and value != 0:
        if value >= 1:
            u += 1
            value /= 1000.
        else:
            u -= 1
            value *= 1000.
    if u == 0:
        ext = ''
    else:
        ext = prefix[u]
    #
    if value < 100.:
        value = '%.2f' % (value)
    else:
        value = '%.1f' % (value)
    while value.find('.') > -1 and (value.endswith('0') or value.endswith('.')):
        value = value[:-1]
    return value + ext + unit


def time_repr(seconds):
    days = seconds / (24 * 60 * 60)
    seconds = seconds % (24 * 60 * 60)
    if seconds >= 60 * 60:
        rv = time.strftime('%H:%M:%S', time.gmtime(seconds))
    else:
        rv = time.strftime('%M:%S', time.gmtime(seconds))
    if days >= 1:
        rv = '%dD %s' % (days, rv)
    if rv.endswith(' 00:00'):
        rv = rv[:-6]
    return rv


def frac_repr(value):
    f = fractions.Fraction(value).limit_denominator()
    return '%s/%s' % (f.numerator, f.denominator)


def gzip_compress(s, compresslevel=9):
```

```
115     """
116     Method to compress a stream of bytes.
117 
118     :param str s: The bytestream (string) to be compressed
119     :param int compresslevel: An optional compressionn level (default is 9)
120     :return: The compressed bytestream
121     :rtype: str
122 
123     **Example:**
124 
125     .. literalinclude:: ../examples/gzip_compress.py
126 
127     Will result to the following output:
128 
129     .. literalinclude:: ../examples/gzip_compress.log
130     """
131     rv = None
132     t = time.time()
133     if sys.version_info >= (3, 0):
134         rv = gzip.compress(s, compresslevel)
135     else:
136         buf = StringIO()
137         f = gzip.GzipFile(mode='wb', compresslevel=compresslevel, fileobj=buf)
138         try:
139             f.write(s)
140         finally:
141             f.close()
142             rv = buf.getvalue()
143             buf.close()
144     if rv is not None:
145         logger.debug('GZIP: Finished to compress a string (compression_rate=%.3f, consumed_time
    =%.1fs).', len(rv) / float(len(s)), time.time() - t)
146     return rv
147 
148 
149 def gzip_extract(s):
150     """
151     Method to extract data from a compress stream of bytes.
152 
153     :param str s: The compressed bytestream (string) to be extracted
154     :return: The extracted data
155     :rtype: str
156 
157     **Example:**
158 
159     .. literalinclude:: ../examples/gzip_extract.py
160 
161     Will result to the following output:
162 
163     .. literalinclude:: ../examples/gzip_extract.log
164     """
165     t = time.time()
166     rv = None
167     if sys.version_info >= (3, 0):
168         rv = gzip.decompress(s)
169     else:
170         inbuffer = StringIO(s)
171         f = gzip.GzipFile(mode='rb', fileobj=inbuffer)
172         try:
173             rv = f.read()
174         finally:
```

```
175             f.close()
176             inbuffer.close()
177     if rv is not None:
178         logger.debug('GZIP: Finished to extract a string (compression_rate=%.3f, consumed_time
    =%.1fs).', len(s) / float(len(rv)), time.time() - t)
179     return rv
180
181
182 def hexlify(s):
183     """Method to hexlify a string.
184
185     :param str s: A string including the bytes to be hexlified.
186     :returns: The hexlified string
187     :rtype: str
188
189     **Example:**
190
191     .. literalinclude:: ../examples/hexlify.py
192
193     Will result to the following output:
194
195     .. literalinclude:: ../examples/hexlify.log
196     """
197     rv = '(%d):' % len(s)
198     for byte in s:
199         if sys.version_info >= (3, 0):
200             rv += ' %02x' % byte
201         else:
202             rv += ' %02x' % ord(byte)
203     return rv
204
205
206 def linefeed_filter(s):
207     """Method to change linefeed and carriage return to '\\\\n' and '\\\\r'
208
209     :param str s: A string including carriage return and/ or linefeed.
210     :returns: A string with converted carriage return and/ or linefeed.
211     :rtype: str
212     """
213     if sys.version_info >= (3, 0):
214         return s.replace(b'\r', b'\\r').replace(b'\n', b'\\n')
215     else:
216         return s.replace('\r', '\\r').replace('\n', '\\n')
```

C.1.2 stringtools.csp.py

The line coverage for stringtools.csp.py was 100.0%
The branch coverage for stringtools.csp.py was 97.7%

```
1  #!/usr/bin/env python
2  # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
3  #
4  """
5  csp (Carriage-Return seperation protocol)
6  =========================================
7
8  **Author:**
9
10 * Dirk Alders <sudo-dirk@mount-mockery.de>
11
```

```
**Description:**

    This module is a submodule of :mod:`stringtools` and creates an frame to transmit and receive
     messages via an serial interface.

**Submodules:**

* :class:`stringtools.csp.csp`
* :func:`stringtools.csp.build_frame`
"""

import stringtools

import logging
import sys

logger_name = 'STRINGTOOLS'
logger = logging.getLogger(logger_name)

DATA_SEPERATOR = b'\n'


class csp(object):
    """This class extracts messages from an "csp-stream".

    **Example:**

    .. literalinclude:: ../examples/csp.csp.py

    Will result to the following output:

    .. literalinclude:: ../examples/csp.csp.log
    """
    LOG_PREFIX = 'CSP:'

    def __init__(self, seperator=DATA_SEPERATOR):
        self.__buffer__ = b''
        self.__seperator__ = seperator

    def process(self, data):
        """
        This processes a byte out of a "stp-stream".

        :param bytes data: A byte stream
        :returns: A list of the extracted message(s)
        :rtype: list
        """
        if sys.version_info < (3, 0):
            if type(data) is unicode:
                raise TypeError
        #
        rv = (self.__buffer__ + data).split(self.__seperator__)
        self.__buffer__ = rv.pop()
        if len(self.__buffer__) != 0:
            logger.debug('%s Leaving data in buffer (to be processed next time): %s', self.
    LOG_PREFIX, stringtools.hexlify(self.__buffer__))
        for msg in rv:
            logger.info('%s message identified - %s', self.LOG_PREFIX, stringtools.hexlify(msg))
        return rv


def build_frame(msg, seperator=DATA_SEPERATOR):
```

```
72      """This Method builds an "csp-frame" to be transfered via a stream.
73
74      :param str data: A String (Bytes) to be framed
75      :returns: The "csp-framed" message to be sent
76      :rtype: str
77
78      **Example:**
79
80      .. literalinclude:: ../examples/csp.build_frame.py
81
82      Will result to the following output:
83
84      .. literalinclude:: ../examples/csp.build_frame.log
85      """
86      if seperator in msg:
87          raise ValueError
88      else:
89          return msg + seperator
```

C.1.3 stringtools.stp.py

The line coverage for stringtools.stp.py was 100.0%
The branch coverage for stringtools.stp.py was 97.7%

```
1  #!/usr/bin/env python
2  # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
3  #
4  """
5  stp (Serial transfer protocol)
6  ==============================
7
8  **Author:**
9
10 * Dirk Alders <sudo-dirk@mount-mockery.de>
11
12 **Description:**
13
14     This module is a submodule of :mod:`stringtools` and creates an serial frame to transmit and
       receive messages via an serial interface.
15
16 **Submodules:**
17
18 * :class:`stringtools.stp.stp`
19 * :func:`stringtools.stp.build_frame`
20 """
21
22 import stringtools
23
24 import logging
25 import sys
26
27 logger_name = 'STRINGTOOLS'
28 logger = logging.getLogger(logger_name)
29
30 DATA_SYNC = b'\x3a'
31 """The data sync byte"""
32 DATA_CLEAR_BUFFER = b'\x3c'
33 """The clear buffer byte ('\\\x3a\\\x3c' -> start of message)"""
34 DATA_VALID_MSG = b'\x3e'
35 """The valid message byte ('\\\x3a\\\x3e' -> end of message)"""
```

```
36 DATA_STORE_SYNC_VALUE = b'\x3d'
37 """The store sync value byte ('\\\\x3a\\\\x3d' -> '\\\\x3a' inside a message)"""
38
39 STP_STATE_IDLE = 0x00
40 """Idle state definition (default)"""
41 STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 = 0x01
42 """Escape 1 state definition ('\\\\x3a\\\\x3c' found)"""
43 STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 = 0x02
44 """Escape 2 state definition ('\\\\x3a' found inside a message)"""
45 STP_STATE_STORE_DATA = 0x03
46 """Store data state definition (start of message found; data will be stored)"""
47
48
49 class stp(object):
50     """This class extracts messages from an "stp-stream".
51
52     **Example:**
53
54     .. literalinclude:: ../examples/stp.stp.py
55
56     Will result to the following output:
57
58     .. literalinclude:: ../examples/stp.stp.log
59     """
60     LOG_PREFIX = 'STP:'
61
62     def __init__(self):
63         self.state = STP_STATE_IDLE
64         self.__buffer__ = b''
65         self.__clear_buffer__()
66
67     def __clear_buffer__(self):
68         if len(self.__buffer__) > 0:
69             logger.warning('%s Chunking "%s" from buffer', self.LOG_PREFIX, stringtools.hexlify(
    self.__buffer__))
70         self.__buffer__ = b''
71
72     def process(self, data):
73         """
74         This processes a byte out of a "stp-stream".
75
76         :param bytes data: A byte stream
77         :returns: The extracted message or None, if no message is identified yet
78         :rtype: str
79         """
80         if type(data) is list:
81             raise TypeError
82         if sys.version_info <= (3, 0):
83             if type(data) is unicode:
84                 raise TypeError
85         #
86         rv = []
87         #
88         while len(data) > 0:
89             if sys.version_info >= (3, 0):
90                 b = bytes([data[0]])
91             else:
92                 b = data[0]
93             data = data[1:]
94             #
```

```
95              if self.state == STP_STATE_IDLE:
96                  if b == DATA_SYNC:
97                      self.state = STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
98                      logger.debug('%s data sync (%02x) received => changing state STP_STATE_IDLE
    -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1', self.LOG_PREFIX, ord(b))
99                  else:
100                     logger.warning('%s no data sync (%02x) received => ignoring byte', self.
    LOG_PREFIX, ord(b))
101             elif self.state == STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1:
102                 if b == DATA_CLEAR_BUFFER:
103                     logger.debug('%s start pattern (%02x %02x) received => changing state
    STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 -> STP_STATE_STORE_DATA', self.LOG_PREFIX, ord(DATA_SYNC), ord(b))
104                     self.state = STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
105                     self.__clear_buffer__()
106                 elif b != DATA_SYNC:
107                     self.state = STP_STATE_IDLE
108                     logger.warning('%s no start pattern (%02x %02x) received => changing state
    STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1 -> STP_STATE_IDLE', self.LOG_PREFIX, ord(DATA_SYNC), ord(b))
109                 else:
110                     logger.warning('%s 2nd data sync (%02x) received => keep state', self.
    LOG_PREFIX, ord(b))
111             elif self.state == STP_STATE_STORE_DATA:
112                 if b == DATA_SYNC:
113                     self.state = STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
114                     logger.debug('%s data sync (%02x) received => changing state
    STP_STATE_STORE_DATA -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2', self.LOG_PREFIX, ord(b))
115                 else:
116                     self.__buffer__ += b
117             elif self.state == STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2:
118                 if b == DATA_CLEAR_BUFFER:
119                     logger.warning('%s start pattern (%02x %02x) received => changing state
    STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 -> STP_STATE_STORE_DATA', self.LOG_PREFIX, ord(DATA_SYNC), ord(b))
120                     self.state = STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
121                     self.__clear_buffer__()
122                 elif b == DATA_VALID_MSG:
123                     self.state = STP_STATE_IDLE
124                     logger.debug('%s end pattern (%02x %02x) received => storing message and
    changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 -> STP_STATE_IDLE', self.LOG_PREFIX, ord(DATA_SYNC), ord(b)
    )
125                     rv.append(self.__buffer__)
126                     self.__buffer__ = b''
127                 elif b == DATA_STORE_SYNC_VALUE:
128                     self.state = STP_STATE_STORE_DATA
129                     logger.debug('%s store sync pattern (%02x %02x) received => changing state
    STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 -> STP_STATE_STORE_DATA', self.LOG_PREFIX, ord(DATA_SYNC), ord(b))
130                     self.__buffer__ += DATA_SYNC
131                 elif b == DATA_SYNC:
132                     self.state = STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1
133                     logger.warning('%s second data sync (%02x) received => changing state
    STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2 -> STP_STATE_ESCAPE_1', self.LOG_PREFIX, ord(b))
134                     self.__clear_buffer__()
135                 else:
136                     self.state = STP_STATE_IDLE
137                     logger.warning('%s data (%02x) received => changing state STP_STATE_ESCAPE_2
    -> STP_STATE_IDLE', self.LOG_PREFIX, ord(b))
138                     self.__clear_buffer__()
139             else:
140                 logger.error('%s unknown state (%s) => adding value (%02x) back to data again and
     changing state -> STP_STATE_IDLE', self.LOG_PREFIX, repr(self.state), ord(b))
141                 self.state = STP_STATE_IDLE
142                 self.__clear_buffer__()
```

```
143                 data = b + data
144         for msg in rv:
145             logger.info('%s message identified - %s', self.LOG_PREFIX, stringtools.hexlify(msg))
146         return rv
147 
148 
149 def build_frame(data):
150     """This Method builds an "stp-frame" to be transfered via a stream.
151 
152     :param str data: A String (Bytes) to be framed
153     :returns: The "stp-framed" message to be sent
154     :rtype: str
155 
156     **Example:**
157 
158     .. literalinclude:: ../examples/stp.build_frame.py
159 
160     Will result to the following output:
161 
162     .. literalinclude:: ../examples/stp.build_frame.log
163     """
164     rv = DATA_SYNC + DATA_CLEAR_BUFFER
165 
166     for byte in data:
167         if sys.version_info >= (3, 0):
168             byte = bytes([byte])
169         if byte == DATA_SYNC:
170             rv += DATA_SYNC + DATA_STORE_SYNC_VALUE
171         else:
172             rv += byte
173 
174     rv += DATA_SYNC + DATA_VALID_MSG
175     return rv
```